European Research Council UK National Contact Point

Information and Proposal Writing Event for the 2017 ERC Advanced Grant Call

May 2017
Jon Brookes and Ailidh Woodcock
09:30  Registration

10:00  Presentation of the ERC Advanced Grant scheme (including Q&A)
   • Introduction to UKRO and UK ERC NCP
   • Implications of the EU Referendum Outcome
   • Introduction to the ERC
   • ERC Advanced Grant – main features
   • Proposal – PI and research project evaluation criteria
   • Project costs and budget
   • Grant Management
   • Ethics
   • Evaluation Process

11:30  Coffee/tea break

12:00  Case Studies (incl. Q&A)
   • Professor Almut Hintze, SOAS

12:45  Additional Questions

13:00  Finish
Introduction to UKRO and UK ERC NCP
UK Research Office (UKRO)

• **Mission:**
  To maximise UK engagement in EU-funded research, innovation and higher education activities

• **The Office:**
  – Based in Brussels
  – European office of the UK Research Councils
  – Delivers subscription-based advisory services for around 150 research organisations in the UK and beyond
  – Also provides National Contact Point services on behalf of the UK Government
UKRO subscriber services

• **UKRO Portal**: tailored news articles and clear and accessible web pages on the latest in EU funding

• **Enquiry service**: individual support through your dedicated European Advisor

• **Annual briefing visits**: bespoke training for your institution

• **Meeting room**: a venue in Brussels
European Research Council UK National Contact Point (ERC NCP)

• Provides advice on the ERC and its grant schemes

• Website: www.ukro.ac.uk/erc

• Helpdesk
  – Email: erc-uk@bbsrc.ac.uk
  – Phone: 0032 2289 6121

• Funded by BEIS
Implications of the EU Referendum Outcome
The UK is still an EU Member State and continues to be until the end of the negotiations.

This means it has the same rights and obligations as all other 27 Member States, including the participation in EU funding programmes.

Details on how the UK can participate after an exit need to be determined during the negotiations.

UK Government has a dedicated inbox for specific concerns Research@beis.gsi.gov.uk and UKRO can advise on latest developments UKRO@bbsrc.ac.uk
The Commission explicitly briefs evaluators in their guidance:

**Outcome of the UK referendum and Horizon 2020: State of Play**

Until the UK leaves the EU, EU law continues to apply to and within the UK, both when it comes to rights and obligations. This includes the eligibility of UK legal entities to participate and receive funding in Horizon 2020 actions. Experts should not evaluate proposals with UK participants any differently than before.

*Should project coordinators of Horizon 2020 proposals dedicate a part of their proposal to addressing the potential risks as a consequence of the UK Referendum?*

Funding Questions

UK Treasury Statement 13 August 2016

- UK Treasury guarantees EU Funding for UK researchers beyond the date the UK leaves the EU: "where UK organisations bid directly to the European Commission on a competitive basis for EU funding projects while we are still a member of the EU, for example universities participating in Horizon 2020, the Treasury will underwrite the payments of such awards, even when specific projects continue beyond the UK’s departure from the EU”


- UKRO understand that eligibility for the guarantee will extend to all application submitted before the exit date, and not just to grants signed.

- British universities and research organisations should therefore continue to apply for EU funding through mechanisms such as Horizon 2020 while the UK remains a member of the EU.
The UK has formally invoked Article 50

A **letter** was delivered to the President of the European Council.

In the Prime Minister's **statement** to the UK Parliament, **Theresa May** reiterated the importance of continued collaboration in research:

"*We hope to continue to collaborate with our European partners in the areas of science, education, research and technology, so that the UK is one of the best places for science and innovation.*"
An extraordinary meeting of the European Council was held on 29 April where remaining 27 states adopted a set of negotiating guidelines.

It is too early to speculate on the timing and nature of the negotiations on UK engagement with Horizon 2020 and future funding programmes.

What happens next?

29 March 2017
29 April 2017
May 2017

Actual negotiating period: ≈ 18 months

At the latest by autumn 2018
At the latest by February 2019
March 2019

*Strong QMV* = 72% of the 27 Member States, i.e. 20 Member States representing 65% of the EU 27 population.

Source: European Commission
• UKRO also provides a public page and FAQ sheet on UK participation in EU funding for research, innovation and higher education.

• Aims to provide factual answers to the most common questions, both with a UK and international audience in mind.
Introduction to the ERC
"The fundamental activity of the ERC is to provide attractive, long-term funding to support excellent investigators and their research teams to pursue ground-breaking, high-gain/high-risk research."

"Scientific excellence is the sole criterion on the basis of which ERC frontier research grants are awarded."

"The ERC’s frontier research grants operate on a ‘bottom-up’ basis without predetermined priorities."

ERC Work Programme 2017
ERC budget in Horizon 2020

ERC allocated around €13.1 billion for Horizon 2020 (~60% increase in real terms compared to FP7). Largest amount of funding will go to the Starting Grants and Consolidator Grants schemes.

In the present budget, support to ERC has been under its 2013 level from 2014-2016.

Source: ERC
ERC funding schemes

- **Starting Grants**
  - For PIs 2-7 years from PhD, up to €2 million for 5 years

- **Consolidator Grants**
  - For PIs 7-12 years from PhD, up to €2.75 million for 5 years

- **Advanced Grants**
  - For leading researchers, up to €3.5 million for 5 years.

- **Synergy Grants**
  - For 2 to 4 PIs, up to €15 million for 6 years. No call in 2016 or 2017.

- **Proof of Concept**
  - For ERC grant holders only, up to €150,000 for 18 months
# ERC Advanced Grant 2017 call

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Call identifier</th>
<th>ERC-2017-AdG</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Call opens</td>
<td>16 May 2017</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deadline</td>
<td>31 August 2017</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Budget €million (estimated grants)</td>
<td>567 (245)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Planned dates to inform applicants  | 31 January 2018 (step 1)  
| Indicative date for signature of grant agreements | 9 August 2018 |

Call information on the [Research & Innovation Participant Portal](#)
Age of PI

Source: ERC
ERC-2016-AdG results

• 231 proposals selected for funding from a total of 2404 submitted - overall success rate of 9.6%, compared to 14.2% in 2015

• The numbers by research domain are:
  – Physical Sciences and Engineering (PE): 1096 submitted, 108 selected
  – Life Sciences (LS): 746 submitted, 73 selected
  – Social Sciences and Humanities (SH): 562 submitted, 50 selected

• 16% of the funding list were female PIs, compared to 19% in 2015

• Further information:
ERC Advanced Grant

Main features
Aims of Advanced Grant scheme

- Support excellent Principal Investigators at the stage at which they are already established research leaders with recognised track record of research achievements.

- Empower individual researchers and provide the best settings to foster their creativity.
Types of research funded

• No pre-determined priorities – applications can be made in any field of research

• Emphasis on the ‘frontiers of science, scholarship and engineering’ – research to lead to advances at the frontiers of knowledge

• Could be:
  – interdisciplinary proposals
  – proposals addressing new and emerging fields of research
  – proposals introducing unconventional, innovative approaches and scientific inventions

• Not suitable for ‘consortium-type’ proposals
Principal Investigator (PI)

• Central to the grant and review criteria

• Expected to lead their team and be fully engaged in the running of the grant

• Can be of any age, nationality or current location

• Expected to spend:
  – A minimum 30% of total working time on the ERC project and
  – A minimum of 50% of total working time in an EU Member State or Associated Country
    • this does not exclude fieldwork/research outside Europe needed to achieve research objectives

• Chooses a host institution in EU Member State or Associated Country (or an ‘International European Interest Organisation’)

Host Institution

- Can be any type of legal entity
- Must be established in an EU Member State or Associated Country
- The PI does not have to be based there at the time of application
- Has relevant infrastructure and capacity - must provide appropriate conditions for the PI to independently direct the research and manage the ERC funding
- Must not constrain the PI in relation to the research strategy of the institution
- Normally employs the PI
- Not assessed as a separate criterion during peer review but must sign a letter of commitment as part of application
- If funded:
  - signs up to the Grant Agreement with the ERCEA
  - signs a ‘Supplementary Agreement’ with the PI
Team members

- PI has freedom to choose appropriate ‘team members’- constitution of individual research team is flexible (senior research staff, post-docs, PhDs, non academic staff, etc...)

- PI's host institution normally the only institution but can have team members from other institutions in the same or different countries (institutions will sign Grant Agreement)

- Team members can be of any age, nationality and may be based anywhere

- Individual research team headed by a single PI (including any team members at other institutions) so not a traditional network or research consortium

- Resubmission restrictions do not apply to team members
Funding levels and duration of grant

• Normally maximum grant of €2.5 million over 5 years ERC contribution (or pro-rata for shorter projects)

• Can request an additional €1 million (not pro-rata), but only to cover:
  – eligible “start-up” costs for PIs moving from to the EU/Associated Country from elsewhere as a consequence of receiving the ERC grant;
  – the purchase of major equipment; and/or
  – access to large facilities.

Any additional funding requested must be justified in Part B Section 2c (see later).

• Limit includes direct and indirect costs (see later)
Proposal

PI and research project evaluation criteria
Participant Portal

• **Single-stage submission, but two-step evaluation** (with interviews for StG and CoG, not AdG)

• Go to [submission system](#) (ECAS password required)

• Complete administrative forms online

• Download, complete and upload pdf files for Part B (10MB limit) and annexes

• Proposal formats and page numbers are strictly limited

• No additional documents allowed

• Checklist provided in Information for Applicants document (automated check on some elements only)
CALL: CALL FOR PROPOSALS FOR ERC ADVANCED GRANT
Call identifier: ERC-2017-ADG
Publication date: 16 May 2017

Call updates
- 17 May 2017 09:31: The submission session is now available for ERC-2017-ADG (ERC-ADG)

Topics and submission service

To access the Submission Service, please select the TOPIC of your interest and then open the Submission Service tab.
To access existing draft proposals, please login to the portal and select My Proposals from the My Area menu.

Topics:
- ERC-2017-ADG: ERC Advanced Grant
  - Publication date: 16 May 2017

Types of action: ERC-ADG Advanced Grant
Deadline: 31 August 2017 17:00:00
Opening date: 16 May 2017

Create a Draft Proposal

Please enter the following information to create a draft proposal. Please note that fields marked with an asterisk (*) are mandatory.

It is highly recommended to submit your proposal as early as possible and at least 48 hours prior to the deadline of this call. This will avoid being confronted with incompatible local IT configuration settings shortly before the call deadline, when insufficient time would be left to handle it. There is no reason in delaying the submission for confidentiality concerns as the system does not allow any access to the proposals before call deadline or cut-off (other than to selected data that is part of the Submission and Evaluation of Proposals Assent Disclaimer).

You can submit the proposal as many times as you wish up to the deadline. Every submitted version will replace the previously submitted one.

Your organisation

PIC*: 
Short name*:

Organisations you have been previously associated with. Click to select.

Search for your organisation PIC search

Your Role

Please indicate your role in this proposal

- Principal Investigator
- Main Host Institution Contact
- Contact
Step 5
Edit Proposal

Edit Proposals' Forms

In this step you can edit the administrative forms and upload the proposal itself.

WARNING: This proposal contains changes that have not yet been submitted...

Administrative Forms

Edit will open the forms in Adobe Reader.

edit forms  view history  print preview

Part B and Annexes

In this section you may upload the technical annex of the proposal (in PDF format only) and any other requested attachments.

Part B1   upload
Part B2   upload
Host Support Letter   upload

Extra annex 1   upload
Extra annex 2   upload
Extra annex 3   upload
Extra annex 4   upload
Extra annex 5   upload
Extra annex 6   upload
Extra annex 7   upload
Extra annex 8   upload

Configuration OK

Download Part B Templates
Visit our ‘How to’ user guide
Visit our ‘H2020 Online Manual’
Proposal submission

- Start in plenty of time, and check you can save as pdf!
- Double check all details
- Can revise and resubmit up to deadline
  - Remember to press ‘submit’ button!
- Deadline strictly enforced
- Help: Information for Applicants document
- IT Problems: Participant Portal IT Helpdesk
Structure of application forms

• Part A – Administrative and Summary Forms
  – General information (including abstract)
  – Administrative data of participating organisations (one form per institution, much of this will be pre-filled using information from PIC number)
  – Budget (summary financial information)
  – Ethics
  – Call specific questions

• Part B1 – Proposal Details
  – Cover page & proposal summary
  – Extended Synopsis of the scientific proposal (5 pages)
  – Curriculum Vitae including Funding ID (2 pages excluding funding ID)
  – Ten-year track record (2 pages)
Structure of application forms (cont.)

• Part B2 – Research Proposal (15 pages)
  – a) State-of-the-art and objectives
  – b) Methodology
  – c) Resources (including project costs)

• Annexes
  – Commitment of the Host Institution (template from PPSS)
  – Ethics self-assessment (if applicable) (see ‘Information for Applicants’ for guidance)

Parts B1, B2 and supporting documentation to be uploaded and submitted as .pdf files.
ERC evaluation criteria

• Excellence sole evaluation criterion

• Applied to:
  – the ground-breaking nature, ambition and feasibility of the research project
  – the intellectual capacity, creativity and commitment of the Principal Investigator

• Proposals marked on the above, ranging from 1 (non-competitive) to 4 (outstanding)

• Numerical marks not communicated to applicants - outcome of panel meetings expressed as A, B or C (see later).
## ERC evaluation criteria: research project

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>1. Research Project</th>
<th>Starting, Consolidator and Advanced</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Ground-breaking nature and potential impact of the research project | • To what extent does the proposed research address important challenges?  
• To what extent are the objectives ambitious and beyond the state of the art (e.g. novel concepts and approaches or development across disciplines)?  
• To what extent is the proposed research high risk/high gain? |
| Scientific Approach                         | • To what extent is the outlined scientific approach feasible bearing in mind the extent that the proposed research is high risk/high gain (based on the Extended Synopsis)?  
• To what extent is the proposed research methodology appropriate to achieve the goals of the project (based on the full Scientific Proposal)?  
• To what extent does the proposal involve the development of novel methodology (based on the full Scientific Proposal)?  
• To what extent are the proposed timescales and resources necessary and properly justified (based on the full Scientific Proposal)? |
Research Project: general tips

• Consider what excites you about the research and convey this in your application
  – Explain how the research will open new horizons or opportunities
• Think about your audience and remember to explain UK-specific terminology
• Provide a clear, concise work-plan, giving details of the intermediate goals
• Explain what each team member is doing (and their background/recruitment profile)
• Clearly explain how you will manage and disseminate your project
• **Justify the resources** you need for your research proposal and ensure the resources are appropriate.
  – Have you included all staff costs?
  – Have you clearly shown the links between the costs and the research/methodology?
Research Project: feedback from applicants

• Structure your proposal to address, in order, each of the evaluation criteria - use the ERC’s terminology explicitly

• Make the application a pleasure to read: use data and graphs, visualise your ideas

• Should strike a balance between showing the experts in your field that you know your stuff, and engaging the non-experts

• Convey the message that the project can be delivered, but also “sell the dream” of an exciting piece of research
  – Balance your vision with a strong, confident plan and good project structure

• Projects with a risky/new methodology are welcomed, as long as there is a good reason for trying it out and a potentially high reward
Anonymous feedback taken from panel comments on proposals in PE, LS and SH domains

**Successful projects**
- “The panel found that the research programme is of the highest scientific value and that the PI is very well positioned to carry it out.”
- “That said, the panel considered that this is the kind of high risk, but possibly ground-breaking project that the ERC is seeking to fund.”
- “The panel thinks that the project is of high quality and innovative. The project is considered a high risk, high gain proposal.”

**Unsuccessful projects**
- “The project is based more on already developed scientific approaches than on truly innovative ground-breaking developments.”
- “The proposal is clearly important and likely to generate interesting results. The major focus is on developing existing methodologies, which would not produce ground-breaking, new science.”
### ERC evaluation criteria: Principal Investigator

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>2. Principal Investigator</th>
<th>Advanced</th>
</tr>
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</table>
| Intellectual capacity and creativity      | • To what extent has the PI demonstrated the ability to propose and conduct ground-breaking research?  
                                            • To what extent does the PI provide evidence of creative independent thinking?  
                                            • To what extent have the achievements of the PI typically gone beyond the state of the art?  
                                            • To what extent has the PI demonstrated sound leadership in the training and advancement of young scientists?                                                                 |
| Commitment                                | • To what extent does the PI demonstrate the level of commitment to the project necessary for its execution and the willingness to devote a significant amount of time to the project (**min 30% of the total working time on it and min 50% in an EU Member State or Associated Country**) (based on the full Scientific Proposal)? |
PI: competitive candidates

• In most fields, expected to demonstrate a record of achievements at least matching one or more of the following benchmarks:
  – 10 publications (as senior author) in major international journals
  – 3 major research monographs

• Alternative benchmarks may be considered:
  – 5 granted patents
  – 10 invited presentations
  – 3 led expeditions
  – 3 organised international conferences or congresses
  – international recognition (awards, prizes)
  – contributions to launching the careers of outstanding researchers
  – recognised leadership in industrial innovation
PI: CV (2 pages max.)

- Should include standard academic and research records – template available (may be modified)

- Concise ‘funding ID’ (outside page limit) covering:
  - Current research grants and their subject
  - Ongoing applications for work relating to the proposal

- Any research career gaps and/or ‘unconventional career paths’ should be clearly explained so that they can be fairly assessed by the evaluation panels.
Must provide list of achievements in the last 10 years:

- **Up to ten representative publications**, from the last ten years, as main author (or in those fields where alphabetic order of authorship is the norm, joint author) in major international peer-reviewed multi-disciplinary scientific journals and/or in the leading international peer-reviewed journals and peer-reviewed conferences proceedings of their respective research fields, also indicating the number of citations (excluding self-citations) they have attracted;
- **Research monographs** and any translations thereof;
- **Granted patents**;
- **Invited presentations** to peer-reviewed, internationally established conferences and/or international advanced schools;
- **Research expeditions** that the applicant Principal Investigator has led;
- **Organisation of international conferences** in the field of the applicant (membership in the steering and/or organising committee);
- **Prizes/awards/academy memberships**;
- **Major contributions to the early careers of excellent researchers**;
- **Examples of leadership in industrial innovation or design**
PI: general tips

- Sell yourself
- Remember the Funding ID section in the CV is important
- Make sure you address the full requirements of the track record, and consider what makes you stand out
- Clarify specific points to strengthen your application and give additional relevant details
- Explain anything that is UK specific
- The evaluators will review the PI on the basis of their experience and information the PI provides on the application form
- If you refer to journal impact factors, state which one you are using
- Add a link to your website, and then keep your website up to date
• **Provide specific details** of prizes, citation data for publications, project management experience, papers at conferences, mentoring of students etc.

• **Pack the Track Record with evidence** about your achievements – panels are more likely to give an ambitious project the go-ahead if they ‘trust’ the PI, and are convinced of your credibility as an excellent researcher/project leader.

• Try to explain how you are exactly the right person to undertake this particular project, at this specific moment in time.

• **Refer explicitly to the criteria** used in the Advanced Grant call documents.
Anonymous feedback taken from panel comments on successful proposals in PE, LS and SH domains

Successful projects

- “The PI's outstanding record of achievement was unanimously praised, and his ability and success as a mentor and leader of scientific research particularly noted.”
- “The PI is an outstanding, innovative scientist who is one of the world leaders in the field of [x].”

Unsuccessful projects

- “The PI is an acknowledged scholar, but his publication record does not measure up to international excellence standards.”
Project Costs and Budget
Costs

- Reimbursement of up to 100% of total eligible costs:
  - **Direct costs**: up to 100% of eligible costs
  - **Indirect costs**: flat-rate of 25% of eligible direct costs

- Information on eligible and ineligible costs on next slides and also given in detail in Article 6 of the Annotated Model Grant Agreement for Horizon 2020:
  
Direct costs

• “[C]osts that are directly linked to the action implementation and can therefore be attributed to it directly.” Must not include any indirect costs.

• Examples: personnel, equipment, consumables, travel and subsistence, and publication costs

• Most costs likely to be ‘actual’:
  – actually incurred by the beneficiary;
  – incurred within the duration of the project (except costs relating to last periodic/final report);
  – must be indicated in estimated budget;
  – must be incurred in connection with the action and necessary for its implementation;
  – recorded in accounts (identifiable and verifiable) and determined according to hosts’ usual cost accounting practices;
  – must comply with the applicable national law on taxes, labour and social security;
  – must be reasonable, justified and must comply with the principles of sound financial management, in particular regarding economy and efficiency.
Indirect costs

• “[C]osts that are not directly linked to the action implementation and therefore cannot be attributed directly to it.”

• To be declared as a flat-rate of 25% of eligible direct costs, excluding:
  – subcontracting;
  – costs of certain resources made available by third parties, not used on the premises of the host institution

• Examples:
  – Costs related to general administration and management
  – Costs of office or laboratory space, including rent or depreciation of buildings and equipment, and related expenditure such as water, heating, electricity
  – Maintenance, insurance and safety costs
  – Communication expenses, network connection charges, postal charges and office supplies
  – Common office equipment such as PCs, laptops, office software
  – Miscellaneous recurring consumables
Ineligible costs

• Costs that do not comply with eligibility conditions, in particular:
  – costs related to return on capital
  – debt and debt service charges
  – provisions for future losses or debts
  – interest owed
  – doubtful debts
  – currency exchange losses
  – bank costs charged by the beneficiary’s bank for transfers from the Agency
  – excessive or reckless expenditure
  – deductible VAT
  – costs incurred during suspension of the implementation of the action

• Also: costs declared under another EU or Euratom grant
Each institution involved (other than subcontractors) will have a line on this form – pre-filled

**Important** – The figures must match those in Part B2 (otherwise the figures from the administrative form will be used)

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**3 - Budget**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Participant Number in this proposal</th>
<th>Organisation Short Name</th>
<th>Organisation Country</th>
<th>Total eligible costs/€ (including 25% indirect costs)</th>
<th>Requested grant/€</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>BBSRC</td>
<td>UK</td>
<td>?</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Part B2, section c, resources

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cost Category</th>
<th>Total in euro</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Direct Costs</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Personnel</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>PI³</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Senior Staff</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Postdocs</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Students</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>i. Total Direct costs for Personnel (in euro)</em></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Travel</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Equipment</strong></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Other goods and services</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Consumables</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Publications (including Open Access fees, etc.)</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Other (please specify)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>ii. Total Other Direct Costs (in euro)</em></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>A – Total Direct Costs (i + ii) (in euro)</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>B – Indirect Costs (overheads) 25% of Direct Costs (in euro)</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>C1 – Subcontracting Costs (no overheads) (in euro)</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>C2 – Other Direct Costs with no overheads (in euro)</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Estimated Eligible Costs (A + B + C) (in euro)</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Requested Grant (in euro)</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The project cost estimation should be as accurate as possible. Significant mathematical mistakes may reflect poorly on the credibility of the budget table and the proposal overall. The evaluation panels assess the estimated costs carefully; unjustified budgets will be consequently reduced.
In case you are requesting additional funding above the normal EUR 2 500 000, fully justify your request by filling in the table below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Request for additional funding above EUR 2 500 000 for</th>
<th>Justification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Keep only that category(ies) that apply to the project.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(a) covering eligible 'start-up' costs for a PI moving from another country to the EU or an Associated Country as a consequence of receiving an ERC grant and/or, (b) the purchase of major equipment and/or, (c) access to large facilities.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The requested contribution should be in proportion to the actual needs to fulfil the objectives of the project.

Please indicate the duration of the project in months: 

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Please indicate the % of working time the PI dedicates to the project over the period of the grant:</th>
<th>%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Please indicate the % of working time the PI spends in an EU Member State or Associated Country over the period of the grant:</td>
<td>%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Specify briefly your commitment to the project and how much time you are willing to devote to the proposed project in the resources section. Please note that you are expected to devote at least 30% of your total working time to the ERC project and a minimum of 50% of your total working time in an EU Member State or Associated Country.
What to include in the resources section

- State the amount of funding considered necessary to fulfil the objectives: the project cost estimation should be as accurate as possible.
- Include the direct costs of the project plus a flat-rate financing of indirect costs of 25% towards overheads.
- State how the costs will be distributed over the duration of the project.
- There is no minimum contribution per year; the requested contribution should be in proportion to the actual needs to fulfil the objectives of the project.
- The evaluation panels assess the estimated costs carefully; unjustified budgets will be consequently reduced.
What to include in the resources section (cont.)

• Resources requested should be **reasonable and fully justified** in the proposal
  
  – Describe the size and nature of the team, key team members and their roles; justify participation of team members from other host institutions in relation to the additional financial cost it may impose.
  
  – Describe other necessary resources, such as infrastructure and equipment. It is advisable to include a short technical description of the equipment requested, a justification of its need as well as the intensity of its planned use.
  
  – Justify if asking for > € 2.5 million.
  
  – Specify any existing resources that will contribute to the project.
  
  – Specify briefly your commitment to the project and how much time you are willing to devote to the proposed project.
Resources: general tips

• Speak to your host institution’s research/finance office as early as possible
• The overall grant amount is determined by the peer review panels
• If your team members are at other institutions, those institutions will need to be involved in costing their part of the proposal
• All costs must be calculated and claimed according to your host organisations own accounting rules.
• You can only budget for costs directly related to carrying out the project
• Link the budgets clearly to the proposed activities
Anonymous feedback taken from panel comments on successful proposals in PE, LS and SH domains

- “There was some disquiet about the extent to which the provisions of the budget matched the scientific justifications in the proposal.”
- “The panel noted, however, that the requested resources for visiting scientists were significantly overestimated. Thus the proposal budget has been adjusted accordingly.”
- “The budget proposal is well balanced and justified. The panel considers that the additional budget requested for the purchase of a [x], which is a major piece of essential equipment, is justified.”
- “In addition, the panel found the budget for "other costs" overestimated and adjusted the recommended grant amount accordingly.”
- “Concerning the budget, there is a small inconsistency in the budget table and the table in which the staff is detailed.”
Grant Management
Management issues to consider when preparing your application

• Grant Agreement
  – Annex 1 – description of the action (what you wrote in the proposal)

• Flexibility
  – Scientific
  – Portability

• Progress reporting
  – Scientific – submitted by the PI (mid-term and final)
  – Financial – submitted by the beneficiary (18 months)

• Publication and exploitation of results
  – IPR
  – Open Access
IPR in ERC Grant Agreement

• ‘Background’:  
  – “any data, know-how or information — whatever its form or nature (tangible or intangible), including any rights such as intellectual property rights — that:  
    (a) is held by the beneficiaries before they acceded to the Agreement, and  
    (b) is needed to implement the action or exploit the results.”  
  – Examples: prototypes; cell lines; patents; database rights

• ‘Results’:  
  – “any (tangible or intangible) output of the action such as data, knowledge or information — whatever its form or nature, whether it can be protected or not — that is generated in the action, as well as any rights attached to it, including intellectual property rights.”  
  – Results are normally owned by the beneficiary that generates them.

• Further information:  
  – IPR Helpdesk  
  – Articles 23-26 of Annotated Model Grant Agreement
Open access: publications

• Beneficiaries of ERC grants must ensure open access to all peer-reviewed scientific publications relating to its results. They must:
  – Deposit a machine-readable electronic copy of the published version or final peer-reviewed manuscript accepted for publication in a repository for scientific publications as soon as possible and at the latest on publication. Moreover, they must aim to deposit at the same time the research data needed to validate the results presented in the deposited scientific publications.
  – Ensure open access to the deposited publication — via the repository — at the latest:
    • on publication, if an electronic version is available for free via the publisher (gold open access), or
    • within six months of publication (twelve months for publications in the social sciences and humanities) in any other case (green open access).
  – Ensure open access — via the repository — to the bibliographic metadata that identify the deposited publication, which must include a persistent identifier.
Open access: publications (cont.)

• The ERC Scientific Council recommends subject-specific repositories:
  – for publications in the Life Sciences domain: Europe PubMed Central (http://europepmc.org)
  – for monographs, book chapters and other long-text publications: OAPEN Library (http://oapen.org)
  – If there is no appropriate discipline specific repository, researchers should make their publications available in institutional repositories or in centralised ones, e.g. Zenodo (http://zenodo.org).

• Open Access costs should be budgeted for when submitting the application

• Further information:
  – Open Access Guidelines for research results funded by the ERC
  – Article 29 of Annotated Model Grant Agreement
Open access: research data

- Open access to and reuse of research data should follow FAIR principles – all research data should be Findable, Accessible, Interoperable and Reusable.
- Open Research Data pilot is now opt-in by default, as of 2017.
- Participating beneficiaries must take the following three steps to ensure open access to research data:
  - Deposit research data repository needed to validate the results presented in scientific publication, including associated metadata, in a repository as soon as possible.
  - Take measures to enable third parties to access, mine, exploit, reproduce and disseminate (free of charge for any user) their research data, including associated metadata.
  - Provide information via the chosen repository about tools available in order for the beneficiaries to validate the results e.g. specialised software or software code, algorithms and analysis protocols. Where possible, these tools or instruments should be provided.
- Beneficiaries of the ERC projects participating in the ORD Pilot have to formulate a Data Management Plan (DMP) after the project has started:
  - a brief plan to define what data sets the project will generate or process, whether and how these data will be made accessible, and how they will be curated, stored and preserved.
  - the DMP should also provide information on the measures taken to safeguard and protect sensitive data.
Ethics
Ethics in the ERC application

• Administrative forms, section 4 - Ethics issues table

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>4 - Ethics issues table</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. HUMAN EMBRYOS/FOETUSES</td>
<td>Page</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Does your research involve Human Embryonic Stem Cells (hESCs)?</td>
<td>Yes No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Does your research involve the use of human embryos?</td>
<td>Yes No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Does your research involve the use of human foetal tissues / cells?</td>
<td>Yes No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. HUMANS</td>
<td>Page</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Does your research involve human participants?</td>
<td>Yes No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Does your research involve physical interventions on the study participants?</td>
<td>Yes No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. HUMAN CELLS / TISSUES</td>
<td>Page</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Does your research involve human cells or tissues (other than from Human Embryos/ Foetuses, i.e. section 1)?</td>
<td>Yes No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

• Ethics Self-Assessment Annex (only if answered ‘Yes’ to any questions on ethics issues table)
  – Brief explanation of the ethical issue(s) involved & how it will be dealt with
  – You may include supporting documentation, such as authorisations already received. (Not counted in page limit)
The main areas that are addressed during the ethics review process include:
- Human protection (including study participants and researchers)
- Animal protection and welfare
- Data protection and privacy
- Environment protection
- Participation of non-EU countries
- Malevolent use of research results

The ethics review process consists of:
- Three steps take place before the conclusion of grant preparation:
  i. Ethics Pre-Screening
  ii. Ethics Screening
  iii. Ethics Assessment
- A fourth step takes place, after the signature of the grant agreement, during the lifetime of the selected projects:
  iv. Ethics Monitoring
 Ethics review process (cont.)

- **Ethics Pre-Screening** – All proposals recommended for funding will undergo an Ethics Pre-Screening performed by the ERCEA ethics team where the proposals which can be cleared for granting are identified.

- **Ethics Screening** – All the proposals where potential ethical issues have been identified have to undergo an Ethics Screening,
  - carried out soon after the scientific evaluation and concerns only proposals shortlisted for funding.
  - Each proposal will be screened by at least three independent ethics experts or the ERCEA.
  - The possible outcomes of the ethics screening process are:
    1. The proposal is "ethics-ready" and therefore receives ethics clearance.
    2. Conditional clearance.
    3. The proposal must proceed to Ethics Assessment.
Ethics Assessment – an in-depth analysis of the ethical issues.

- Proposals involving the use of Human Embryonic Stems Cells (hESCs) automatically undergo an Ethics Assessment.
- carried out by a panel consisting of at least three independent ethics experts
- The possible outcomes of the ethics assessment process are:
  1. The proposal is "ethics-ready" and therefore receives ethics clearance
  2. Conditional clearance
  3. The proposal must proceed to a second ethics assessment
Evaluation Process
Peer review

• 3 research domains, 25 panels - 2 separate sets of panel members

• Indicative budget will be allocated to each panel in proportion to the budgetary demand of its assigned proposals

• Information for Applicants document provides list of panels and keywords, indicating fields of research covered

• Lists of panel members for previous ERC calls can be found on the ERC website for each individual grant type under the funding section: https://erc.europa.eu/
# ERC panel structure

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Social Sciences and Humanities</th>
<th>Physical Sciences and Engineering</th>
<th>Life Sciences</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>• SH1: Individuals, Markets and Organisations</td>
<td>• PE1: Mathematics</td>
<td>• LS1: Molecular and Structural Biology and Biochemistry</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• SH2: Institutions, Values, Environment and Space</td>
<td>• PE2: Fundamental Constituents of Matter</td>
<td>• LS2: Genetics, Genomics, Bioinformatics and Systems Biology</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• SH4: The Human Mind and Its Complexity</td>
<td>• PE4: Physical and Analytical Chemical Sciences</td>
<td>• LS4: Physiology, Pathophysiology and Endocrinology</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• SH5: Cultures and Cultural Production</td>
<td>• PE5: Synthetic Chemistry and Materials</td>
<td>• LS5: Neurosciences and Neural Disorders</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• SH6: The Study of the Human Past</td>
<td>• PE6: Computer Science and Informatics</td>
<td>• LS6: Immunity and Infection</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• PE7: Systems and Communication Engineering</td>
<td>• LS7: Diagnostics, Therapies, Applied Medical Technology and Public Health</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• PE8: Products and Processes Engineering</td>
<td>• LS8: Evolutionary, Population and Environmental Biology</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• PE9: Universe Sciences</td>
<td>• LS9: Applied Life Sciences and Non-Medical Biotechnology</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• PE10: Earth System Science</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Proposal evaluation process

**STEP 1 - Evaluation**
- Eligibility check
- Independent, remote reviews by panel members *(of part B1 only)*
- Panel meetings and ranking
- Proposals retained for stage 2, or rejected

**STEP 2 - Evaluation**
- Independent, remote reviews by panel members and other referees of full proposal *(parts B1 and B2)*
- Interviews of PIs (StG & CoG only), panel meetings and ranking
- Proposals selected
Outcome of evaluation

• Step 1 (Part B1 of proposal)
  – A: is of sufficient quality to pass to Step 2 of the evaluation
  – B: is of high quality but not sufficient to pass to Step 2 of the evaluation
  – C: is not of sufficient quality to pass to Step 2 of the evaluation

Applicants scoring B or C told the ranking range of their proposal out of those evaluated by the panel

• Step 2 (full proposal and interview for StG and CoG)
  – A: fully meets the ERC's excellence criterion and is recommended for funding if sufficient funds are available
  – B: meets some but not all elements of the ERC's excellence criterion and will not be funded

Applicants told the ranking range of their proposal out of the proposals evaluated by the panel
## Proportions per score (2016)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Evaluated step 1</th>
<th>Score</th>
<th>AdG-2016</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>A</td>
<td>26%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>B</td>
<td>47%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>C</td>
<td>27%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Evaluated step 2</th>
<th>Score</th>
<th>AdG-2016</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>A (funded)</td>
<td>37%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>A (non-funded)</td>
<td>23%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>B</td>
<td>40%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Restrictions on submissions of proposals for 2017 AdG call

• A PI may submit proposals to different ERC frontier research grant calls made under the same Work Programme, but **only the first eligible proposal will be evaluated.**

No Restrictions Apply

• A PI whose proposal was evaluated as **category A** in the frontier research calls under Work Programme 2016 **may submit a proposal** to the Starting, Consolidator or Advanced Grant calls for proposals made under Work Programme 2017.

• A PI whose proposal was evaluated as **category B at step 2** in the Starting, Consolidator or Advanced Grant calls for proposals under Work Programme 2016 **may submit a proposal** to the Starting, Consolidator or Advanced Grant calls for proposals made under Work Programme 2017.
Restrictions on submissions of proposals for 2017 AdG call (cont.)

Restrictions Apply

• A PI whose proposal was evaluated as category B at step 1 in the Starting, Consolidator or Advanced Grant calls for proposals under Work Programme 2016 may not submit a proposal to the Starting, Consolidator or Advanced Grant calls for proposals made under Work Programme 2017.

• A PI whose proposal was evaluated as category C in the Starting, Consolidator or Advanced Grant calls for proposals under Work Programmes 2015 or 2016 may not submit a proposal to frontier research calls made under Work Programme 2017.

• A PI whose proposal was rejected on the grounds of a breach of research integrity in the calls for proposals under Work Programmes 2015 or 2016 may not submit a proposal to the calls for proposals made under Work Programme 2017.
Restrictions on submissions of proposals for 2017 AdG call (cont.)

Restrictions Apply (cont.)

• A researcher may participate as PI (or Co-I) in only one ERC frontier research project at any one time.

• A researcher participating as PI in an ERC frontier research project may not submit a proposal for another ERC frontier research grant, unless the existing project ends no more than two years after the call deadline.

• A PI who is a serving Panel Member for a 2017 ERC call or who served as a Panel Member for a 2015 ERC call may not apply to a 2017 ERC call for the same type of grant.
# Restrictions on submissions of proposals for 2017 AdG call (cont.)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Proposal evaluated under Work Programme</th>
<th>Evaluation step</th>
<th>Evaluation score</th>
<th>Can the PI resubmit in 2016?</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2015</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>B</td>
<td>yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>C</td>
<td>no</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>B</td>
<td>yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2016</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>B</td>
<td>no</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>C</td>
<td>no</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>B</td>
<td>yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Points to consider if resubmitting a proposal

• Any specific changes to call and rules of operation

• Can I resubmit?
  – Depends on the score you received, please see earlier slides.

• Should I resubmit?
  – This is of course up to the PI, although many successful applications have come from PIs who were unsuccessful with a previous application and subsequently improved their proposal.

• When should I resubmit? Will the panel members be the same?
  – The ERC operates two sets of panel members, which sit in alternate years.

• How can I improve my proposal? Should I take into account feedback?
  – In general, yes – take into account the evaluators’ feedback, while highlighting your increased experience/achievements since the previous application.

• Will the evaluators know it is a resubmission?
  – There is no obligation to state “this is a resubmission” in the proposal, and this is up to the PI to decide.
What happens next?

• After review process:
  – Funding decision and feedback
  – (Evaluation review procedure? Seek advice from UKRO? Requests should be raised within 30 days of the date of the initial information letter, details will be given in your letter from the ERC)
  – Feedback from ethics review?
  – Preparation of the grant agreement between the host and the ERC
  – No project negotiations as such
  – Grant agreement based on the proposal and the peer review decision
  – Can accept/reject the offered grant

• When the project starts
  – Sign grant agreement
  – Set up project account
  – Recruit staff onto project
  – Expect that all projects start within 6 months from the award
ERC Proof of Concept grants

• Scheme for ERC grant holders to undertake further work to verify the innovation potential of ideas arising from ERC-funded projects

• Maximum grant: €150,000

• Project duration: up to 18 months (normally 12 months)

• Only PIs on ERC frontier research grants that are on-going or have ended less than 12 months before the opening date of the call are eligible.
Final general tips on writing your application

1. Liaise with your HoD and Research Office
2. Use clear and concise language
3. Pay careful attention to each section
4. Be ambitious, but show awareness of cutting edge
5. Look at examples of successful applications
6. Read all the documentation, including the Grant Agreement
7. Be realistic with the budget, clearly link your budget to activities. Has your institution agreed your budget?
8. Proofread your application
9. Get application reviewed by colleagues
10. Stick to page, font size, budget limits and format
11. Check submission checklist from Information for Applicants documents
12. It is possible to submit your proposal on the Participant Portal as many times as you like before the deadline
Useful Links

- Participant Portal
- AdG-2017 call
- Information for Applicants for the AdG-2017 call
- 2017 ERC Work Programme
- ERC website
  - statistics on funded projects
  - funded projects
  - Advanced Grants: including link to Panel information for calls
Thank you